



PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY
EDGAR SNOWDEN.
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 1, 1879.

The action of the House Committee on Expenditures of the State Department in reference to Minister George F. Seward is a striking instance of the rule that now prevails in Congress, which is to make every other consideration subordinate to that of party interests. It is hardly less glaring than that afforded by the electoral commission, which Congress authorized and of which it formed a part. Mr. Seward's politics had nothing to do with the charges brought against him. There was something or nothing in those charges, but what it was had no reference to his republicanism or democracy; and yet all the democrats on the committee voted for his impeachment and all the republicans voted against it. That the republicans were to blame can not be doubted, from the first view of the case, for Mr. Seward refused to allow the books of his office to be examined, and there is nothing an innocent man desires more than a thorough and complete investigation of any charge that may have been brought against him.

English writers have a knack of expressing unpleasant truths about individuals that should be cultivated by their American cousins. One of them, in an article on the improved prospect of affairs in this country, in the last number of Macmillan's Magazine, in reference to the famous Black Friday, says: "Even persons very high in the Republic were said not to be free from complicity in the whole transaction. If the rose itself was pure, those who dwelt very near indeed to the rose were unquestionably tainted." How does this read when applied to the probable republican candidate for the next presidency?

The defeat of the Brazilian subsidy scheme by the House, yesterday, is one of the few acts for which that body deserves and will receive the approbation of all the fair, right thinking men of the country, and of all who believe in the principle of justice to all and favors to none, upon which the government was founded. We are glad to note, too, that a Virginia Congressman, Mr. J. R. Tucker, was in no slight degree instrumental in securing this result, and that some times, at least, his characteristic strict construction of the Constitution is not only applicable but, what in this material age is of vastly more importance, available effective.

The action of Judge Alexander Rives, of the U. S. Court of the western district of Virginia, in causing, at this late day, the indictment of several of the county judges of his portion of the State for not having negroes on the juries of their courts, can only be explained upon the ground of the loss of at least some of his mental powers, and should render him an object of solicitation to his friends.

The Educational Journal for March has been received.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.
LONDON, March 1.—The Daily News' correspondent at Berlin says: Fifteen feet of snow are reported in Schleswig.

GENEVA, March 1.—The St. Gothard post sleigh was struck by an avalanche and the driver was killed. Several persons were drowned in the lake of Geneva during the recent storm. The damage in the Canton of Vaud alone is ten thousand pounds.

LONDON, March 1.—The Times' correspondent at Constantinople says: The French and English ambassadors have informed the Porte that they could not assure it that their respective governments would support the first Turkish proposal relative to the Greek boundary, as it is not based upon the treaty of Berlin. The council of ministers has now elaborated and dispatched to Moukhtar Pasha, the Turkish boundary commissioner, a project which it thinks though not conceding all the Greeks desire will afford a basis of negotiation.

LONDON, March 1.—A special dispatch to the Daily News from Cape Town says affairs in the Transvaal are causing considerable anxiety, but other advices state that there is no reasonable foundation for these apprehensions.

GLASGOW, March 1.—The Clyde shipwrights have accepted without resistance the increase of their working hours from 51 to 54 hours a week.

ROME, March 1.—Cardinal Filippo Guidi is dead at the age of 64 years.

The Pope yesterday held a consistory and named Cardinal Nina's Pontifical Secretary of State to the order of Cardinal Priests, and nominated Cardinal Edoardo Barmesi as Camerlengo of the Sacred College in place of Cardinal Ferri whose term has expired. His Holiness also pronounced thirty four Archbishops and Bishops. No Cardinals were created.

LONDON, March 1.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Paris says: Queen Victoria will leave London at the end of March. She will rest one night in the British Embassy in Paris and proceed thence to the Italian lakes, where she will be met by the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, who will then be on their wedding tour. Thence she goes to Germany.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 1.—A dispatch from Tashkent printed in the Gazette says: The rebellion against the Chinese government in Kashgar has been completely crushed and the remnants of the defeated forces are returning to Russian territory.

NEW CASTLE ON TYNE, March 1.—The shipbuilders' strike has been compromised; mutual concessions having been made.

LONDON, March 1.—The Pall Mall Gazette's Rome correspondent says: The Pope has sent Dr. Newman the announcement that he will be created cardinal at the Consistory to be held March 3.

Bank Statement.
NEW YORK, March 1.—Loans, increase, \$2,709,900; specie, decrease, \$1,474,800; legal tenders, decrease, \$2,725,200; deposits, decrease, \$2,952,900; circulation, decrease, \$103,500; reserve, decrease, \$3,461,775. The banks now hold \$5,750,275 in excess of the legal requirements.

Weston completed his one thousand hours' walk in England yesterday, having made 1,977 miles, 223 miles behind time. He will walk out the 2,000 miles.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

A new Presbyterian church is to be built in Danville.

Mrs. Charlotte Hargrave, widow of Rev. J. R. Hargrave, died last week in Shepherdstown, aged 90 years.

John Poincote, of Pennsylvania county, was kicked on the temple by a horse last week and almost instantly killed.

The employees of the Virginia Midland R. R. were paid off on Tuesday for the month of January in gold coin.

At Lynchburg, Wednesday, a girl ten years old fell into a well 60 feet deep, but escaped without serious injury.

Farmers in the Valley of Virginia are very backward with their plowing, which will make the season for corn planting later than usual.

The store house and stock of goods belonging to Mr. Williams Herndon, at Stafford Store, in Stafford county, was consumed by fire a few nights ago.

The number of marriage licenses issued by the clerk of the Hustings Court of Richmond, for the month of February, was eighteen white and twenty-one colored.

The bill authorizing the sale and transfer of the works, property and franchises of the James River and Kanawha Company to the Richmond and Allegheny Railroad Company, was on Thursday approved by Governor Holliday and is now a law.

A meeting of the citizens of Berkeley and Frederick counties has been called to take place at Banker Hill on Saturday, March 8, to consider the question of extending the Martinsburg and Potomac railroad from Martinsburg to Winchester.

The grand jury which indicted the State judges at Danville, was composed of seven colored men, six white republicans and five conservatives. The republicans have signed a petition to Judge Rives asking for a new jury, but the conservatives refused to sign it.

In the House of Delegates yesterday a bill was introduced directing the Committee for Courts of Justice to inquire into the expediency of amending the Code as to make certain offences against the Code punishable only before the major and police justices of cities.

The indictment of five county court judges by the United States Court for the western district of Virginia, in session at Danville, on a charge of withholding from negroes the right of serving on juries, was brought to the attention of the Legislature yesterday, when a resolution was adopted by both Houses setting forth the fact of alleged usurpation and exercise of unwarranted power, directing the Attorney General to take proper steps to bring suit proceedings to redress the wrongs of the Supreme Court of the United States, in order that such lawless measures may be checked by competent authority now and in the future, authorizing the employment of counsel to assist the Attorney General in the proceedings, and requesting the committee to inquire whether Mr. Alexander Rives, Judge of the aforesaid Federal Court, has not been and is not now usurping judicial power for the purpose of bringing about unnecessary conflict between State and Federal authorities in enforcement of the criminal laws of Virginia, thereby endangering the harmony, peace and good order of the Commonwealth. But two republicans voted against it.

NEWS OF THE DAY.
A number of Hollanders who had settled in Ohio, are now migrating to South Carolina.

The receipts from customs and internal revenue for February show a decrease compared with the same month of last year of \$428,971.37.

From the reports of American diplomatic agents on the southern Russian pestilence, it appears that the disease is the true violent plague, and not typhus, as stated by Russian authorities.

About fifty persons have been arrested at Pekin and Peking, by the United States marshal, under indictments for complicity in whisky frauds. Some are prominent and wealthy citizens.

The bill providing for the introduction of the Moffett "bull punch" register into the saloons of West Virginia, on Thursday, passed the Senate of that State, and was communicated to the House of Delegates.

It is announced that Prince Louis Napoleon has been recommended to Lord Clarendon, commander in chief of the South African forces, as an extra aide de camp. He will shortly be gazetted with the rank of captain unattached.

The amount of United States currency of all kinds outstanding at date is \$363,082,922.67. The amount of national bank circulation outstanding is \$324,579,250 currency notes and \$1,466,930 gold notes. The increase of national bank notes in February was \$1,048,401, and the increase in the past four months was \$3,587,455.

In the House of Representatives yesterday after a two hours' debate on the Postoffice Appropriation bill, the Brazilian subsidy amendment was defeated by a vote of yeas 89, nays 157. The remainder of the Senate's amendments were not concurred in, and a conference committee ordered.

Mr. George F. Seward, minister to China, was arraigned before the bar of the House of Representatives yesterday for refusing to answer certain questions, but claimed exemption from appearing as a witness or producing his private books under the guarantee of the Constitution as a citizen and an officer. The subject was finally referred to the Judiciary Committee, and Mr. Seward was discharged.

In the U. S. Senate yesterday the arrears of pensions bill was passed, with an amendment making the law granting pensions to the soldiers of 1812 applicable to those of the Mexican war of 1846. The Sundry Civil bill was taken up, and most of the amendments reported by the committee were adopted, among them one paying to the city of Baltimore \$106,471 advanced at the request of Major Geo. R. C. Schenck in 1863, to aid the United States in the construction of works of defense.

Prince William County Items.

[From the Monacan Gazette.]
Mr. Wm. C. Bronaugh, an old resident of this county, died at his residence near Colonel Berkeley's in the upper part of this county on Wednesday last. Up to the commencement of the war he had for many years held a position in the Postoffice Department. At the time of his death he was about 85 years of age.

The March term of the Prince William County Court will commence on Monday. There are three criminal cases on the docket.

One of our citizens who lived near this place, left suddenly a few days ago with his family, for parts unknown.

A large number of our oldest citizens in every part of the county have died within the last few weeks.

THE FATHER OF THIRTY-TWO CHILDREN.—One of the most remarkable men in Monroe County, Ky., is Mr. John Jacob Goodman. Mr. Goodman was born in North Carolina in 1783, and is now in his ninety-seventh year. In 1804 he removed to Monroe County, where a part of Barren, and has lived on the same place ever since, a period of seventy-five years. For upwards of forty years he was a distiller, and at the age of sixty-five he could lift a forty gallon barrel of whisky and take his toddy out of the bung hole. He is now living with his second wife, his first having died many years ago. Fifteen children were the fruit of his first marriage, and he has a large family now living, making a grand total of thirty-two, twenty-seven of whom are married. He has always been a moderate drinker, for sixty-two years a member of the Baptist Church and forty-two years clerk of that body. Besides this, he is a life-long Democrat, and never failed to vote in election on but one occasion in his life.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, March 1, 1879.

SENATE.
The Senate reassembled at 10 o'clock a. m. Mr. Windom, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported, with amendments, the Legislative, Judicial and Executive Appropriation bill. Placed on the calendar.

The consideration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was then resumed.

The pending question being on Mr. Hoar's motion to lay on the table the amendment of the committee, appropriating \$300,000 for the payment of arrears of army transportation due such land grant to railroads as compensation and withheld from them under the acts of June 16, 22, 1874, and March 3, 1875, and which have since been found entitled to compensation by the judgment of the Supreme Court of the U. S. Rejected—yeas 20, nays 22.

Mr. Edmunds submitted an amendment so as to pay such roads only as have not received aid in government bonds. Agreed to.

The amendment of the committee was then agreed to as amended.

The Senate, by a vote of yeas 20, nays 30, refused to agree to the amendment in the Sundry Civil bill, appropriating \$10,000 to purchase Mrs. Fossitt's picture of the electoral commission.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
After an hour's debate upon the sugar bill, Mr. Robbins, of North Carolina, withdrew the bill, stating that it would not be brought back this session.

The yeas and nays were being taken when this report closed on a motion made by Mr. Rice, of Mass., to take up for consideration and amendment the Senate bill to extend the time for the completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday there was a discussion upon a motion to return a bill passed by the Senate, on Tuesday last, in relation to school funds, which Mr. Fulkerson contended had originated with the enemies of the public schools, which discussion was only brought to a close by the announcement that the bill had passed the House.

Another protracted discussion took place upon a motion to permit a protest of Mr. Massey, against the passage of the debt bill, to be spread upon the journal, and the motion finally prevailed.

At the night session a resolution was introduced, but it did not come to a vote. The General Assembly attending the present session shall be entitled to a salary of \$300.

The Senate bill to amend so as to reduce the pay of county superintendents of schools, came up on the calendar, and created a lively discussion was tabled.

In the House of Delegates a motion to take the vote upon the debt bill at 10 o'clock last night was lost for want of the requisite two thirds vote.

A report was made from the Judiciary Committee and ordered to be printed, that whereas the maximum charge authorized by law on freights on all railroads chartered under the general railroad law is eight cents per ton per mile; it is the opinion of the committee that some legislation should be had which will prevent injury to the roads and the people of this State.

Bills were reported from committees to amend the Code in reference to sales under judgments, warrants or decrees for debts contracted prior to 1810, 1865; to define the force and effect of assuvers to bills in chancery; and to authorize the Board of Supervisors of Loudoun county to increase the pay of the county judge of said county.

The "School bill" was passed—yeas, 108; nays, 0.

The bill to repeal the Moffett law was considered but no action taken.

The bill for the assessment of taxes on licenses, &c., for the support of the Government and free schools, and to pay the interests on the public debt, was discussed till the arrival of the hour for the consideration of the public debt question upon which

Mr. Barbour spoke at length in opposition to the bill as reported and in advocacy of the bill as presented by himself. Mr. B. predicted that at the next election a General Assembly would be elected that would pass the Barbour bill despite the Governor.

Letter from Leesburg.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]
LEESBURG, Va., Feb. 28.—"There is life in the old land yet." At the sale of E. C. Cauffman's personal property, farming implements brought five prices, but the sales of horses show that my caption is true: A horse, 17 years old, sold for \$50, one 14 years old for \$90, one for \$142 and one for \$145, with divers others ranging between \$110 and the limit. Colts sold as follows: Two and three year old colts for \$65 to \$90, and one being five years old sold for \$135. Mr. Cauffman rents the land he intends for crops and devotes his attention hereafter to sheep and cattle.

The sale was aided by John A. Kicker, son of the old owner, John L. Kicker, who for forty five years has acted in that capacity in Loudoun, and who was constant also. The young man acquires himself very handsomely in his calling. I was mistaken in the number of the Lovetts vineyarders' meeting. There were from 8 to 10 in the Masonic hall, but it being cold, Mr. Geo. F. Eamick, who went down to see what was going on, invited them to come to his store, where the meeting was concluded. Mr. Eamick is not in sympathy with the objects of the meeting, but decidedly in favor of the compromise bill. He is the supervisor and leading man of the district, and a merchant, doing a very large business.

The Leesburg meeting is pronounced by one, whose official business compels him to attend all meetings held in the court house, to have been the best meeting he has attended for many years. The attendance was good, the meeting opened precisely at 7 o'clock, the resolutions were adopted with hearty response, and the adjournment had with half an hour, and there was a noticeable absence of that disturbing element, so frequent at our night public meetings, of the noisy small. I reiterate my opinion that the sentiment of Loudoun is decidedly in favor of compromise. ALIQUIS.

North Carolina's Debt.

RALEIGH, March 1.—The bill to settle the public debt of this State passed both houses of the Legislature yesterday. It compromises the debt contracted before 1831 at forty per cent of the principal, and the debt contracted between 1835 and 1863, at twenty-five per cent of the principal. Bonds issued in 1860 to fund the interest then due are compromised at fifteen per cent special tax bonds recognized. The new bonds are to bear four per cent interest and three-fourths of the coupons are to be receivable in payment of taxes.

PERSONAL.—The many friends of the Hon. G. W. Lewis, judge of the county courts of Westmoreland and Richmond counties, will regret to learn that he is confined to his room by serious indisposition and will heartily unite in wishing him a speedy restoration to health and to the duties of his position. Judge Lewis is advanced in years, and is now one of the few remaining links which binds the present to the past. He is a Virginia gentleman of the old school and belongs to a class now rapidly passing away, which we fear we will never see again, at least not in our day.—Tide Water Index.

March came in like a lamb. We hope it will not go out like a lion.

LETTER FROM RICHMOND.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 28.—In the House to day an attempt was made to get up the bill in relation to the assessment of license tax on liquor. Mr. Bohanan moved to take it up and make it a special order. Pending the discussion of this another special order came up.

Mr. Hunter in opposing any postponement of this matter said this bill has been before the Senate committee I know nearly two months, and the advocates of that Moffett punch are afraid to let the question come before this House and they have staved off the matter from one day to another, and this is their tactics now when we want to bring it up for honest discussion and a fair vote. They want to postpone it until the last moment so that the House will have adjourned without taking any action upon the matter, and I ask the House to let the question come up now, and let it be decided one way or the other. I know that we can prove here that the revenues have steadily decreased under the Moffett law, and we can prove that by this new law the revenue will be increased. The new law imposes a specific tax upon dealers.

The rope with which the New Kent murderers will be hung was made in Richmond to day.

Col. William B. Coleman is in the city and states that he has challenged the Attorney General to bring a civil suit against him, and that he is willing to pay any jury shall find that he is indebted to the Commonwealth.

Judge B. W. Lucy made a two and a half hours' speech to night in the House in opposition to the McCullough bill.

The Constitutional Amendment bill was killed to day by Mr. Robinson, of Portsmouth, who succeeded after ten weeks hard fighting in having it postponed until Monday—the day before the end of the session.

Mr. L. S. Fulkerson, of Lee county, last night delivered a speech in opposition to the McCullough bill in which he made the following doleful prediction:—

"Mr. Speaker, if legislation, such as the Funding Bill, is to be the standard in the future in Virginia, the time will soon come, when our blessed old State will be a howling wilderness—the streets of this beautiful city will be covered with moss—the old hare from the brown eagle's fold will play prisoners base on broad street—the old will boot the welcome of the wolf to the forest again—while the panther on the mountain's top will proclaim, in long and loud tones, 'I am lord of all I survey.'"

A meeting of French citizens is to be held here Sunday evening for the purpose of organizing a benevolent society.

The House again to-day by a large vote decided against extending the session four days. The proposition was referred, which, of course kills it.

In the House to night when the Senate resolutions in regard to the Rives usurpation were upon the table, Mr. Fannin, of Winchester, moved to suspend the rules and take up the resolutions. This was done and the resolutions were passed. This Rives affair creates much talk and indignation in legislative circles.

There are strong hopes entertained that a vote will be reached on the debt question Saturday night. It is expected that Mr. Campbell will speak in advocacy of the bill.

It is generally conceded that the finest speech made so far upon the debt question was by Speaker Allen last night. At one time he "brought down the House." Just before the close of his speech he said, "When my people elected me to come in this hall as a law maker for them they gave me pleatory power, and they told me to exercise it, and I would swear myself as a man, and as a member of this body, if I shirked the responsibility which they laid upon my shoulders." Dignity and decorum were alike forgotten, and members on both sides of the House warmly applauded the sentiment thus encoined.

The second year after the war a young man who had been shaving three times a week at fifteen cents per shave suddenly determined to shave himself, and to put the forty-five cents a week in a savings bank. He kept that up, and about a month ago he went to bank, drew the money and accumulated interest, and bought a house in Sydney, near the suburbs of the city. It is not intended in this statement to say anything that will be injurious to the temporal profession, but your correspondent simply gives it as a news item and forbears any comment pro or con upon this new system of shaving. The youth was a shaver in two senses.

STONOROW.

Letter from Louisa.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]
LOUISA, C. H., Feb. 26.—Last week a slight fire occurred near town which resulted in the destruction of a cabin occupied by a colored family. The family were thrown into destitute circumstances, but the white people have nearly all contributed money, clothing, &c., to them, which has put them in better circumstances so far as clothing, money, &c., are concerned, than they were before; which fact ought to teach our colored friends that when they come to annual suffering the white people are their real friends and not the outcast beggars who come down here and by falsehood insult hatred into the colored people's minds.

Mrs. Ann Cary Hudson, wife of Dr. R. N. Hudson, of this county, died last Sunday morning after a severe illness. Friday night she was paralyzed and it was then certain she could not live. A large number of the friends of the deceased attended the funeral services which were conducted by Rev. Mr. Grammer in the Methodist Episcopal Church. A Christian, a devoted mother and wife, a most charitable lady, the community naturally deeply feels such a loss. The bereaved family have the sympathy of the community.

There are quantities of robins about now, but the Minors are playing havoc with robin's nests. I have seen scarcely any snow-birds this winter. I always dislike to see the people kill the beautiful birds, as nothing is more pleasant than to see them darting and carolling from tree to tree.

Our town is now quite full and no news transpiring of general interest.

Mr. William H. Darrow, who died in January, in Omaha City, Nebraska, was a valued friend of the writer. Mr. H. A. Darrow and his wife, Mrs. Sarah Darrow, and another son, Dr. Richard H. Darrow all went to Omaha from Charlottesville, and a better family cannot be met with. Mr. Wm. L. Darrow was a distinguished scholar and was at home in Greek, Latin, French and German, and was a member of the bar.

The weather to-night is windy and rather cold. All the snow has now melted and we hope the winter has been mild enough, and genial days will be a blessing, especially to the poor.

RESIGNATION OF GOV. HAMPTON.—In a letter dated Oakland, S. C., February 24th, and addressed to Acting Governor Simpson, Wade Hampton tendered his resignation as Governor of South Carolina. In this letter Governor Hampton says: "To the people of South Carolina, who have done me such undesigned honor in the past, who have sustained me with such unfaltering confidence, and who have manifested toward me during my late illness an affection and sympathy which I have not words which adequately to express my gratitude. I can only promise to devote whatever of life and ability God may grant me to their service, only asking them to remember that I have never solicited office at their hands; and if I fail in the new year to which they have elevated me, it will be my misfortune not my fault. They have placed me there, and it shall be my earnest effort to prove myself worthy of their confidence." On Wednesday last W. D. Simpson was sworn in as Governor of South Carolina.

In spite of all the new remedies which are constantly introduced into the market, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup still takes the lead for the cure of Coughs, Colds, &c. Price 25c.

Episcopal High School of Virginia.

NEAR ALEXANDRIA.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION.

Names of students distinguished in the Intermediate Examinations, 1879:

ORTHOGRAHY—First Rank.
William E. Craighill, Baltimore, Md.; Ben. Huger Heywood, South Carolina; Lucien L. Kinsolving, Halifax; R. Goodwyn Rhett, South Carolina; Robert C. Taylor, Baltimore, Md.

Second Rank.
James C. Calhoun, St. Louis, Mo.; Johnson N. Camden, Jr., West Virginia; William Closs, Baltimore, Md.; P. K. Este Fisher, Baltimore, Md.; Russell S. Hubbard, West Virginia; Joseph T. Jemison, Texas; Arthur B. Kinsolving, Halifax.

Third Rank.
Blythe W. Branch, Richmond; Harry D. Hays, St. Louis, Mo.; Jonathan C. Meredith, Winchester; Theodore Paul, Roanoke; Thomas T. Powell, Alexandria; Edward H. Walton, Philadelphia, Pa.

MENTAL ARITHMETIC.
Orson Adams, Jr., Maryland; John C. Ambler, Fauquier; Charles W. Andrews, West Virginia; Philip C. Baltzell, Baltimore, Md.; Polham Blackford, Washington; Rolfe E. Bolling, Wytheville; Blythe W. Branch, Richmond; John Alfred Calhoun, St. Louis, Mo.; William Closs, Baltimore, Md.; Alfred L. Cornwall, Pennsylvania; Edward J. Cowen, Rockingham; William E. Craighill, Baltimore, Md.; John Garrett, King George; Percy Gordon, Alabama; Harry D. Hays, St. Louis, Mo.; Raleigh W. Harding, Northumberland; Russell S. Hubbard, West Virginia; R. Lemoiné Inois, Fairfax; Arthur B. Kinsolving, Halifax; Lucien L. Kinsolving, Halifax; Joseph P. Lee, Alabama; Charles A. Leekwood, St. Louis, Mo.; Marion B. Mathewson, Georgia; J. Duncan McKim, New York; Charles L. Minor, New York; Theodore Paul, Roanoke; Thomas T. Powell, Alexandria; T. Seddon Taliaferro, Jr., Gloucester; Robert C. Taylor, Baltimore, Md.; John W. Terrett, Fairfax; Robert T. Wilson, Baltimore, Md.; John H. Winder, North Carolina.

HISTORY—Second Sacred.
Charles W. Andrews, West Virginia; Polham Blackford, Washington; John Alfred Calhoun, St. Louis, Mo.; Johnson N. Camden, Jr., West Virginia; William E. Craighill, Baltimore, Md.; John C. Dorsey, Maryland; John Garrett, King George; William J. Hamill, Baltimore, Md.; Raleigh W. Harding, Northumberland; Joseph P. Lee, Alabama; Frederick E. Lloyd, Alexandria; J. Duncan McKim, New York; Thomas T. Powell, Alexandria; T. Seddon Taliaferro, Jr., Gloucester; Matthew P. Waller, Norfolk.

First Sacred.
William Closs, Baltimore, Md.; Russell S. Hubbard, West Virginia; Arthur B. Kinsolving, Halifax; Lucien L. Kinsolving, Halifax; Marion B. Mathewson, Georgia; Robert C. Taylor, Baltimore, Md.; John H. Winder, North Carolina.

Ancient.
James C. Calhoun, St. Louis, Mo.; D. K. Este Fisher, Baltimore, Md.; Percy Gordon, Alabama; William K. Hyer, Jr., Florida; Joseph T. Jemison, Texas; R. Goodwyn Rhett, South Carolina; John C. Wheat, Winchester; Charles B. Wierman, Shenandoah; Robert T. Wilson, Baltimore, Md.; Frederick J. Winston, New York.

Second Modern.
John C. Ambler, Fauquier; John P. Hubbard, Jr., West Virginia; Alexander S. Larned, Baltimore, Md.; Jonathan C. Meredith, Winchester; Royall J. Miller, Georgia; Theodore Paul, Roanoke; William S. Spencer, West Virginia.

First Modern.
Ben. Huger Heywood, South Carolina; William W. Jackson, West Virginia; Robert L. Randolph, Baltimore, Md.

ENGLISH—Second Class.
Orson Adams, Jr., Maryland; Philip C. Baltzell, Baltimore, Md.; Johnson N. Camden, Jr., West Virginia; William J. Hamill, Baltimore, Md.; Raleigh W. Harding, Northumberland; Jackson H. Hays, St. Louis, Mo.; Frederick E. Lloyd, Alexandria; John W. Terrett, Fairfax.

First Class.
J. Alfred Calhoun, St. Louis, Mo.

COMPOSITION.
N. Bankhead Garrett, King George; Brie W. Goldsborough, Maryland; William K. Hyer, Jr., Florida; Royall J. Miller, Georgia; William S. Spencer, West Virginia; Robert C. Taylor, Baltimore, Md.; Charles B. Wierman, Shenandoah.

GEOGRAPHY.
Philip C. Baltzell, Baltimore, Md.; William J. Hamill, Baltimore, Md.; John W. Terrett, Fairfax.

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.
Polham Blackford, Washington; John C. Dorsey, Maryland; John Garrett, King George; R. Lemoiné Inois, Fairfax; Henry C. Meredith, Stafford; Thomas T. Powell, Alexandria.

FRENCH—Third Class.
Blythe W. Branch, Richmond; A. Walton Fleming, Alexandria; Joseph T. Jemison, Texas; Jonathan C. Meredith, Winchester; Theodore Paul, Roanoke; Edward H. Walton, Philadelphia; John C. Wheat, Winchester; Harry C. Winston, New York.

Second Class.
Arthur B. Kinsolving, Halifax; Lucien L. Kinsolving, Halifax; Alexander S. Larned, Baltimore, Md.; Royall J. Miller, Georgia; Robert L. Randolph, Baltimore, Md.; R. Goodwyn Rhett, South Carolina; William S. Spencer, West Virginia; J. William Wheat, Alexandria; Charles B. Wierman, Shenandoah; Frederick J. Winston, New York.

First Class.
John C. Ambler, Fauquier; Brie W. Goldsborough, Maryland; Ben. Huger Heywood, South Carolina; William K. Hyer, Jr., Florida.